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Chapter 1. INTRODUCTION

This guide introduces Nsight Eclipse Edition and provides instructions necessary to start using this tool. For a detailed description of Nsight features consult the integrated help available from inside Nsight.

1.1. About Nsight Eclipse Edition

Nsight Eclipse Edition is an integrated development environment (IDE) for developers building CUDA application on Linux and Mac OS X platforms. It is designed to help developers on all stages of the software development process. Some of the principal features are:

- Source editor with extended support for CUDA C and C++ syntax
- Projects and files management with version control management system integration. CVS and Git are supported out of the box with integrations for other systems available separately as IDE plug-ins.
- Configurable makefile-based NVCC build integration
- Graphical user interface for debugging heterogeneous applications
- Visual profiler with source code correlation for optimizing GPU code performance

Nsight Eclipse Edition is based on the popular Eclipse Platform and supports a wide range of the third-party extensions and plug-ins including:

- Version control management systems support
- Compiler integrations
- Language IDEs
- Application lifecycle management and collaboration solutions

For more information about Eclipse Platform, visit http://eclipse.org

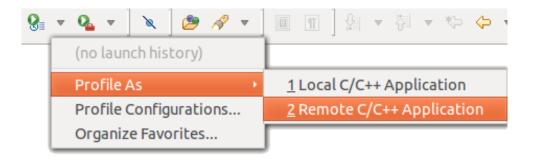
Chapter 2. NEW AND NOTEWORTHY

2.1. New in Nsight Eclipse Edition 6.0

Running Or Profiling Applications Remotely

In addition to remote debugging support introduced in Nsight Eclipse Edition 5.5, Nsight Eclipse Edition 6.0 is also able to run and profile applications on remote systems.

To run or profile on a remote system, select **Remote C/C++ Applicaton** from the drop-down on the main toolbar.



Building Projects On A Remote System

Nsight Eclipse Edition can now perform build on a remote system. Following actions will be performed:

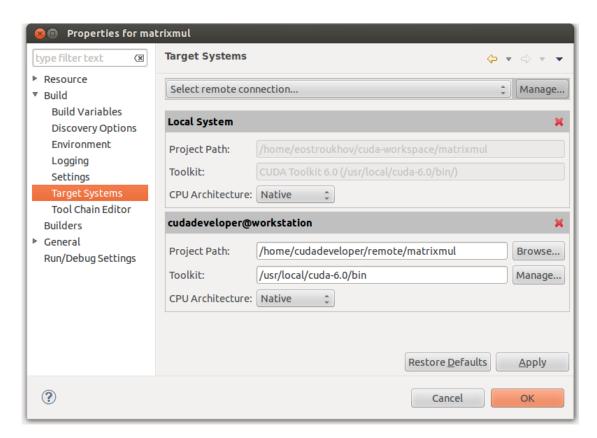
- 1. Nsight will connect to a remote system and will synchronize copies of the project files between local and remote systems. User may be prompted to resolve conflicts if there are any.
- 2. *make* will be executed on a remote system to build the project.

3. Build results will be copied back to the local system.



Building project remotely requires *Git* to be available on the remote system. *Git* is not required to be installed on a local system

Target systems for remote build can be setup during project creation with the **New CUDA Project** wizard or on the **Build/Target Systems** project property page



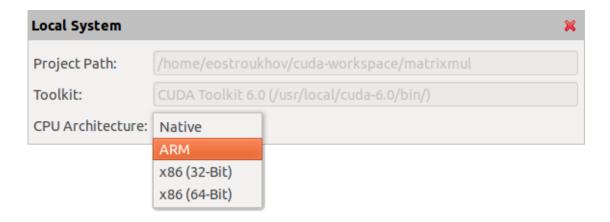
ARMv7 Cross Development Support

Nsight Eclipse Edition can now target Linux systems running on ARMv7 processors.



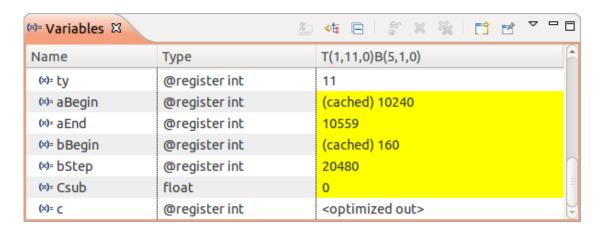
Please consult *CUDA Toolkit Release Notes* for information on enabling ARMv7 cross development support in CUDA Toolkit

CPU archicture for the project can be set during project creation with the **New CUDA Project** wizard or using the **Build/Target Systems** project property page



Cached And Extrapolated Values In Visual Debugger

cuda-gdb now reports cached and extrapolated values for variables in device code that were optimized out by the compiler.



2.2. New in Nsight Eclipse Edition 5.5

Remote Debugging Support

Nsight supports debugging CUDA applications running on remote systems. Nsight can both upload for debugging executable built locally and debug executable built remotely.

Kernel Launch Trace

Debug view now shows CDP launch trace.

CDP Project Support

CDP support can be enabled from a new project wizard during project creation or from project properties for existing projects.

Software Preemption Support

Software preeption debugging can be enabled from Nsight preferences.



Software preemption debugging is BETA and is only available on SM 3.5 devices. Consult cuda-gdb manual before enabling this setting.

Floating Point Memory Rendering

Floating-point rendering support was added to the memory view.

Remote System Explorer

Nsight Eclipse Edition now includes Remote System Explorer plug-in. This plugin enables accessing remote systems for file transfer, shell access and listing running processes.

Eclipse Platform Update

Nsight Eclipse Edition 5.5 is based on Eclipse Platform 3.8.2 and Eclipse CDT 8.1.2 introducing a number of new features and enhancements to existing features.

Chapter 3. USING NSIGHT ECLIPSE EDITION

3.1. Installing Nsight Eclipse Edition

Nsight Eclipse Edition is installed as a part of the CUDA Toolkit package.

3.1.1. Installing CUDA Toolkit

To install CUDA Toolkit:

- Visit the NVIDIA CUDA Zone download page: http://www.nvidia.com/object/cuda_get.html
- **2.** Select appropriate operating system. Nsight Eclipse Edition is available in Mac OS X and Linux toolkit packages.
- 3. Download and install the CUDA Driver.
- 4. Download and install the CUDA Toolkit.
- **5.** Follow instructions to configure CUDA Driver and Toolkit on your system.

3.1.2. Mac OS X Additional Notes

Nsight Eclipse Edition requires Java Runtime Environment (JRE) to be available on the local system. Compatible JRE is included in CUDA Toolkit package on Linux platform.

Mac OS X users will be offered to install JRE by downloading it from Software Update servers unless JRE is already installed.

Nsight Eclipse Edition relies on command-line tools like *make* and *ar* to compile CUDA applications. On Mac OS X 10.8 (*Mountain Lion*) these tools are no longer installed as a part of the Xcode package.



Upgrading to Mac OS X 10.8 from earlier Mac OS X versions will remove these command-line tools.

To install command-line tools on Mac OS X 10.8:

- 1. Install Apple Xcode from the Mac App Store
- 2. Run Xcode and go to the **Xcode** > **Preferences...** from the main menu.
- 3. Open the *Components* tab of the *Downloads* sheet
- 4. Install Command Line Tools package

3.2. Running Nsight Eclipse Edition

To run Nsight from the command line type

nsight



On Linux systems, Nsight is also available from Gnome, KDE and Unity desktop menus.

On the first run Nsight will ask to pick a workspace location. The workspace is a folder where Nsight will store its settings, local files history and caches. An empty folder should be selected to avoid overwriting existing files.

The main Nsight window will open after the workspace location is selected. The main window is divided into the following areas:

- *Editor* displays source files that are opened for editing.
- Project Explorer displays project files
- *Outline* displays structure of the source file in the current editor.
- Problems displays errors and warnings detected by static code analysis in IDE or by a compiler during the build.
- Console displays make output during the build or output from the running application.

3.3. Creating a New Project

- From the main menu, open the new project wizard File > New... > CUDA C/C++ Project
- **2.** Specify the project name and project files location.
- 3. Select CUDA Runtime Project to create a simple CUDA runtime application.
- **4.** Specify the project parameters on the next wizard page.



By default Nsight will automatically detect and target CUDA hardware available locally. Nsight will default to SM 1.0 if no CUDA hardware is detected.

- 5. Complete the wizard.
 The project will be shown in the Project Explorer view and source editor will be opened.
- **6.** Build the project by clicking on the hammer button on the main toolbar.

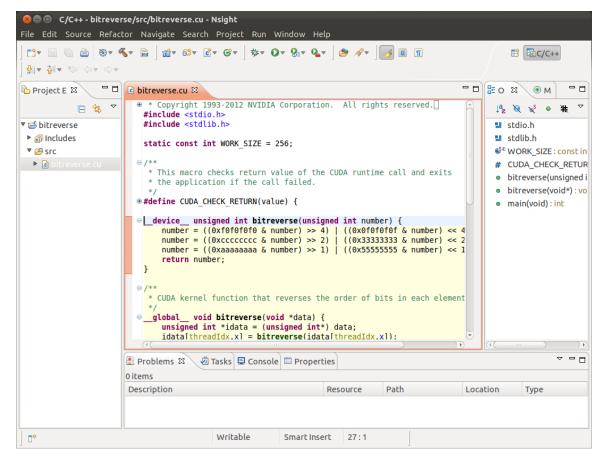


Figure 1 Nsight main window after creating a new project

3.4. Importing CUDA Sample

CUDA samples must be installed locally. Visit http://www.nvidia.com/object/cuda_get.html to download latest CUDA samples package.

- 1. From the main menu, open the new project wizard File > New... > CUDA C/C++ Project
- **2.** Specify the project name and project files location.
- **3.** Select **Import CUDA Sample** under **Executable** in the **Project type** tree.
- 4. On the next wizard page select project sample you want to import. Press Next...
- **5.** Specify the project parameters on the next wizard page.
- **6.** Complete the wizard.

 The project will be shown in the **Project Explorer** view and source editor will be opened
- **7.** Build the project by clicking on the hammer button on the main toolbar.

3.5. Debugging CUDA Applications

Nsight must be running and at least one project must exist.



GPUs used to run X11 (on Linux) or Aqua (on Mac) cannot be used to debug CUDA applications in Nsight Eclipse Edition. Consult *cuda-gdb* documentation for details.

- **1.** In the **Project Explorer** view, select project you want to debug. Make sure the project executable is compiled and no error markers are shown on the project.
- 2. On the main window toolbar press **Debug** button (green bug).
- **3.** You will be offered to switch perspective when you run debugger for the first time. Click "Yes".
 - Perspective is a window layout preset specifically designed for a particular task.
- **4.** Application will suspend in the *main* function. At this point there is no GPU code running.
- **5.** Add a breakpoint in the device code. Resume the application.

Debugger will break when application reaches the breakpoint. You can now explore your CUDA device state, step through your GPU code or resume the application.

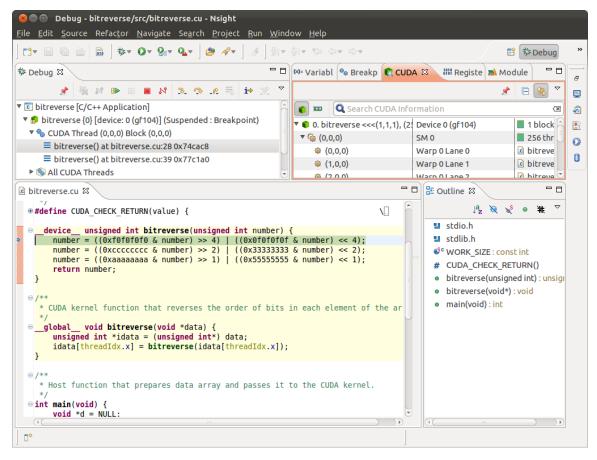


Figure 2 Debugging CUDA application

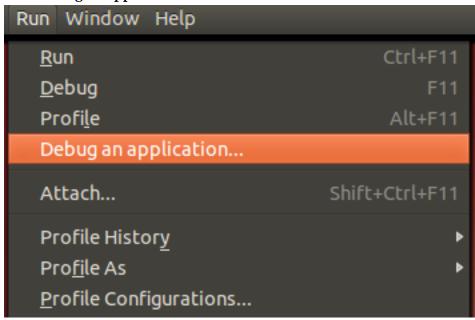
3.6. Debugging Remote CUDA Applications

Remote debugging is available starting with CUDA Toolkit 5.5. A dedicated GPU is not required to use Nsight remote debugging UI. A dedicated GPU is still required on the debug target. Only Linux targets are supported. Debug host and target may run different operating systems or have different CPU architectures. The remote machine must be accessible via SSH and CUDA Toolkit must be installed on both machines.

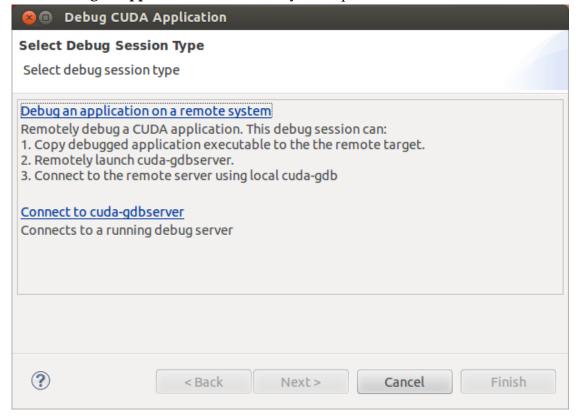


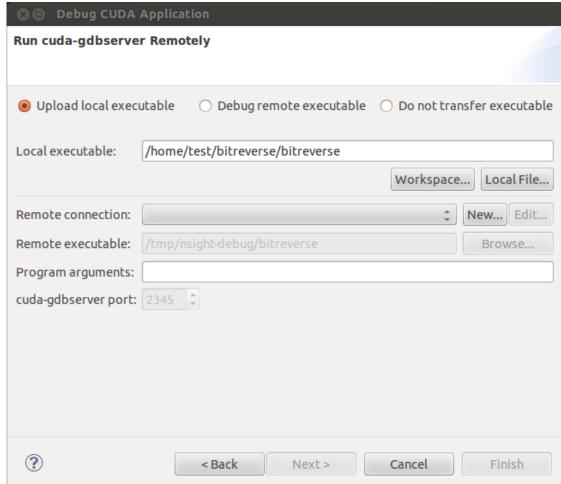
If there is a firewall between the host and the target, it must be set up to let RSP messages through, or SSH port-forwarding must be used.

1. Select Run>Debug an application menu item.



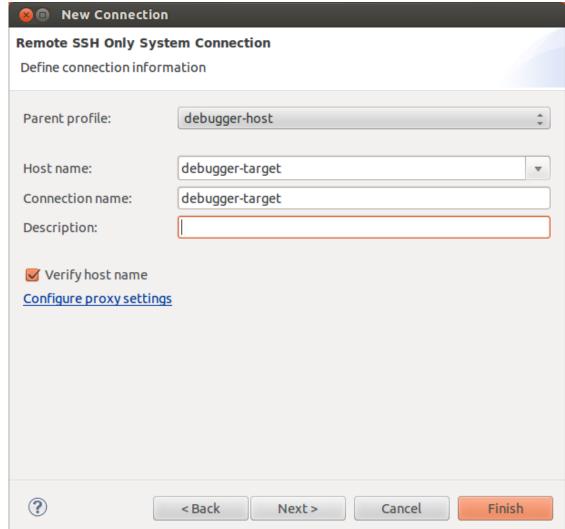
2. Select Debug an application on a remote system option.





3. Type the full path to a local executable or select one using the **Local file...** button.

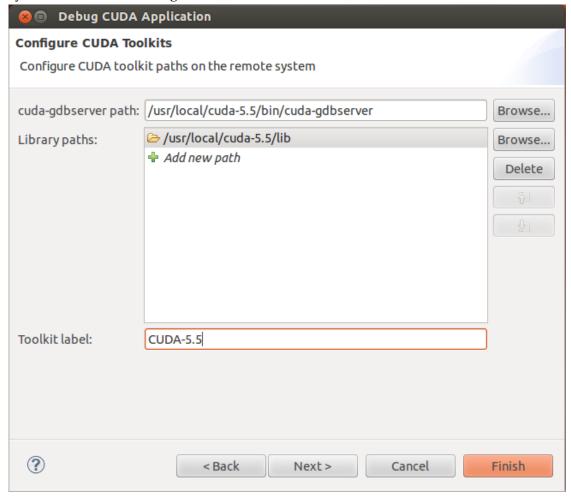
- **4.** Select a remote connection from a drop-down list or press the **New...** button to create a new one.
- **5.** If you are creating a new remote connection, select the **SSH Only** connection type, press **Next**, and type the host name(or IP address) as well as the



connection name and description (both are optional) and then press Finish.

- **6.** Optional: Press **Connect** to verify the selected remote connection.
- 7. Press the **Next** button.

8. Type the full path to cuda-gdbserver on the remote system or select one using the **Browse...** button.



- **9.** Click on "Add new path" or on the **Browse...** button to specify the path to the shared libraries the remote application depends on.
- **10**Click on the **Finish** button to finish the new debug configuration wizard and start debugging the application.
- **11**.You will be offered to switch perspective when you run the debugger for the first time. Click **Yes**.

Perspective is a window layout preset specifically designed for a particular task.

The debugger will stop at the application main routine. You can now set breakpoints, or resume the application.

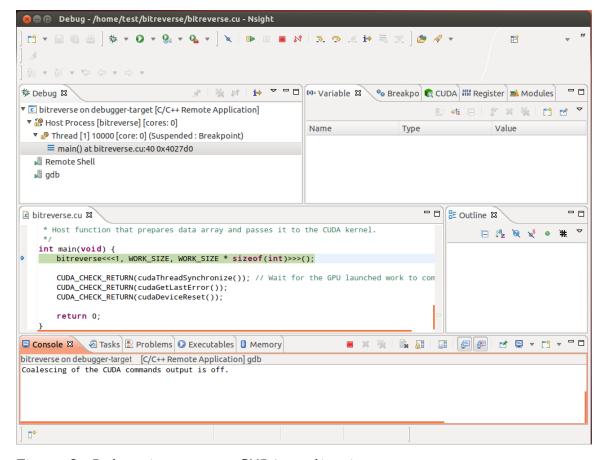


Figure 3 Debugging remote CUDA application

3.7. Profiling CUDA applications

Nsight must be running and at least one project must exist. Profiler cannot be used when debugging session is in progress.

Nsight Eclipse Edition profiling features are based on the NVIDIA Visual Profiler (*nvvp*) code. These two tools provide same features and have same user interface.

- **1.** In the **Project Explorer** view, select project you want to profile. Make sure the project executable is compiled and no error markers are shown on the project.
- **2.** On the main window toolbar press the **Profile** button.
- **3.** Press **Yes** when Nsight prompts to switch to the **Profile** perspective.

Nsight will switch to the **Profile** perspective and will display application execution timeline.

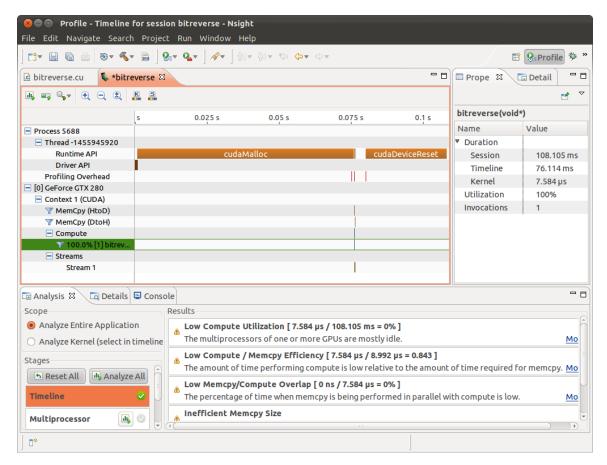


Figure 4 Profiling CUDA Application

3.8. More Information

Some of the topics not covered in this guide are:

- Navigating debugged application state
- ▶ Enabling *cuda-memcheck* integration when debugging GPU applications
- Attaching to running applications
- Measuring GPU code efficiency
- Refactoring CUDA C/C++ source code
- Accessing CVS and Git repositories
- Installing Nsight Eclipse Edition plug-ins

More information about these and other topics is available in the Nsight built-in documentation. To access Nsight documentation select *Help->Help Contents* from the Nsight main menu.

More information about CUDA, CUDA Toolkit and other tools is available on CUDA web page at http://developer.nvidia.com/cuda

Appendix A. HOST PLATFORM REQUIREMENTS

The general platform and GPU requirements for running Nsight Eclipse Edition are described in this section.

A.1. Linux

Nsight Eclipse Edition is supported on the following Linux distributions:

- ► Red Hat Enterprise Linux 5.5+ (64-bit only)
- Red Hat Enterprise Linux 6.x
- Ubuntu 12.04 and 12.10
- Fedora 18
- OpenSuse 12.2
- Suse Linux Enterprise Server 11.1 and 11 SP2

A.2. Mac OS X

Nsight Eclipse Edition is supported on the following Mac OS X versions:

- ▶ Mac OS X 10.7
- Mac OS X 10.8

A.3. GPU Requirements

A CUDA-capable GPU is not required for writing and compiling your CUDA application using Nsight Eclipse Edition. A CUDA-capable GPU is required for debugging and profiling CUDA applications.

Debugging is supported on all CUDA-capable GPUs with a compute capability of 1.1 or later. *Compute capability* is a device attribute that a CUDA application can query about; for more information, see the latest *NVIDIA CUDA Programming Guide* on the NVIDIA CUDA Zone Web site: http://developer.nvidia.com/object/gpucomputing.html

These GPUs have a compute capability of 1.0 and are not supported:

- ▶ GeForce 8800 GTS
- ► GeForce 8800 GTX
- ▶ GeForce 8800 Ultra
- Quadro Plex 1000 Model IV
- Quadro Plex 2100 Model S4
- Quadro FX 4600
- Quadro FX 5600
- ► Tesla C870
- ► Tesla D870
- ► Tesla S870

A GPU that is running X11 (on Linux) or Aqua (on Mac) cannot be used to debug a CUDA application and will be hidden from the application ran in the debugger. Such GPU can still be used for profiling GPU applications.

Appendix B. KNOWN ISSUES

Executable must exist in order to start debug session for the first time

Nsight will not automatically perform build when starting debug session for a given project for the first time. Build must be invoked manually. Nsight will automatically rebuild executable when starting subsequent debug sessions.



To manually build the project, select it (or any file within the project) in a **Project Explorer** view and click hammer icon on the main window toolbar.

Source editors may show error markers on a valid code for the files in newly created projects.

These markers will be cleared after Nsight indexes included header files.

Mac OS X users may be prompted to install Java Runtime Environment (JRE) when running Nsight Eclipse Edition for the first time.

Nsight Eclipse Edition requires functioning Java Runtime Environment to be present on the local system to run.



Figure 5 JRE install prompt on Mac OS X platform

Security updates for Java Runtime Environment will be provided by Apple using *Software Update* application.

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