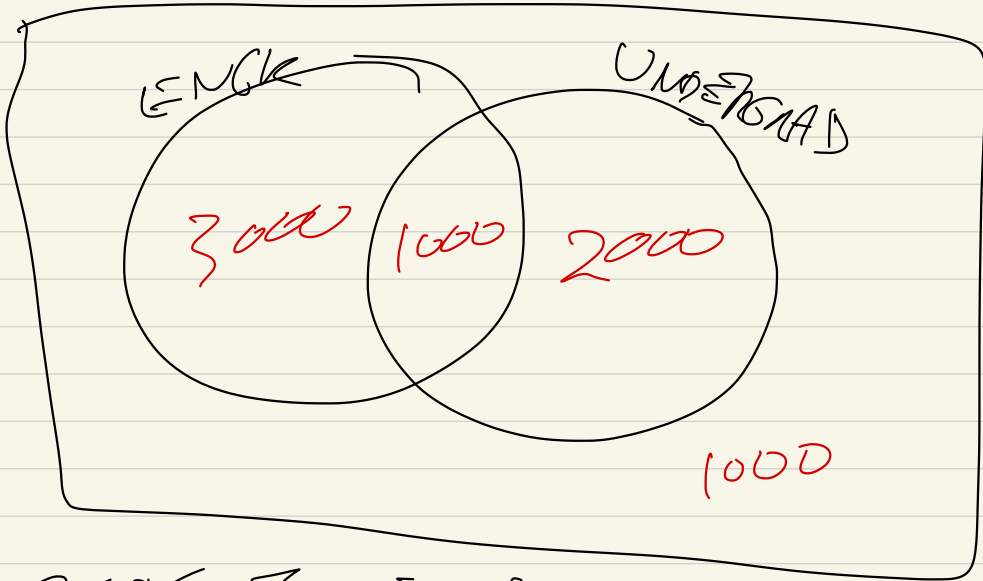


PROB

2022-01-31 p1

CONDITIONAL PROBABILITIES
NUMBERS ARE FICTITIOUS



STUDENTS AT FICTITIOUS UNIVERSITY,

$$N = 7$$

$$P(E) = \frac{4}{7} \quad P(U) = \frac{3}{7}$$

$$P(E|U) = \frac{1}{3} \quad P(U|E) = \frac{1}{4}$$

BAYES THEOREM

HOW TO COMPUTE BACKWARDS

CONDITIONAL PROBABILITIES

$$P(E|U) ?$$

$$P(E \cap U) = P(E|U) P(U) \\ = P(U|E) P(E)$$

$$P(U) = P(U \cap E) + P(U \cap \bar{E})$$

(TOTAL PROBABILITY)

$$P(E|U) = \frac{P(E \cap U)}{P(U)} = \frac{P(E \cap U)}{P(E \cap U) + P(\bar{E} \cap U)}$$

$$P(E \cap U) = P(U|E) P(E)$$

$$P(\bar{E} \cap U) = P(U|\bar{E}) P(\bar{E})$$

$$P(E|U) = \frac{P(U|E) P(E)}{P(U|E) P(E) + P(U|\bar{E}) P(\bar{E})}$$

$\frac{1/3}{3/7} = \frac{\frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{4}{7}}{\frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{4}{7} + \frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{3}{7}}$

$$\frac{1}{3}$$

ANOTHER BAYES EXAMPLE

PEOPLE, LYCATROPHY GENE, TEST

$$P(L) = \frac{1}{100}$$

$$P(T|L) = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$P(T|\bar{L}) = \frac{1}{10}$$

FALSE POSITIVE

$$P(L|T) ?$$

HOW MANY TESTS ARE POSITIVE?

$$P(T) = P(T|L) + P(T|\bar{L})$$

$$P(T|L) = P(T|L) P(L) = \frac{3}{4} \frac{1}{100} = \frac{3}{400}$$

$$P(T|\bar{L}) = P(T|\bar{L}) P(\bar{L}) = \frac{1}{10} \frac{99}{100} = \frac{99}{1000}$$

$$P(T) = \frac{3}{400} + \frac{99}{1000} = \frac{213}{2000}$$

$$P(L|T) = \frac{P(LT)}{P(T)} = \frac{\frac{3}{400}}{\frac{213}{2000}} = \frac{15}{213} \approx 7\%$$

PRIOR PROBABILITY = 1%

POSTERIOR PROBABILITY = 7%

A POSITIVE TEST RAISES PROBABILITY
BUT NOT ALWAYS EVEN TO 50%

BECAUSE - PRIOR UNLIKELY;

TEST IS ONLY APPROXIMATE.

BAYES

TOSS 2 COINS

YOU WANT # HEADS TO BE 1,

EVENT T : TOTAL # HEADS 1.

EVENT A : (1st COIN IS H
2nd - ... - K)

$$P(A) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$P(AT) = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$P(T|A) = \frac{P(AT)}{P(A)} = \frac{1}{2}$$

	A	
	0	1
B	0	1
	1	2

T

(Note: In the original image, the cells (0,1) and (1,0) are circled in green, and the row for B=1 is underlined in blue.)

WANT $P(A|T)$?

$$P(A|T) P(T) = P(AT)$$

$$P(A|T) = \frac{P(AT)}{P(T)} = \frac{P(T|A)P(A)}{P(T|A)P(A) + P(T|\bar{A})P(\bar{A})}$$
$$= \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1}{2}$$

CHAP 3 DISCRETE

FUNCTIONS OF R.V

X R.V

RANDOM VARIABLE

↑
CAPITAL: IT'S THE R.V

x ↑ : A VALUE
LOWER

$E[X]$: EXPECTED VALUE
AKA MEAN
AVERAGE -

$$E[X] = \sum x P(x)$$

TOSS COIN $X = 1$ (HEAD)
 0 (TAIL)

$$E[X] = 1P(1) + 0P(0) :$$

$$\text{FAIR} = \frac{1}{2}$$

EXPECTED VALUE OF FUNCTION

OF R.V.

TOSS ^{FAIR} DIE. PAYOFF IS

	PAYOFF
1	0
2	0
3	0
4	1
5	2
6	4

$$E[f] = \frac{1}{6} \cdot 0 + \frac{1}{6} \cdot 0 + \frac{1}{6} \cdot 0$$

$$+ \frac{1}{6} \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{6} \cdot 2 + \frac{1}{6} \cdot 4$$

$$= \frac{7}{6}$$

OPTION ON TESLA STOCK.
STAKE 1000

X : STOCK PRICE ON CLOSE DATE

PAYOFF : $X \leq 1000 \rightarrow 0$

$X > 1000 \rightarrow X - 1000$

$$P(1100) = \frac{1}{8}$$

$$P(\leq 1000) = \frac{5}{8}$$

$$P(1200) = \frac{1}{8}$$

$$S = \{900, 1000, 1100, 1200\}$$

$$E[X] = \frac{5}{8} \cdot 0 + \frac{1}{4} \cdot 100 + \frac{1}{8} \cdot 200$$

$$= 50$$

A FAIR VALUE OF THAT OPTION IS
\$50.

EXPECTED VALUE OF FUNCTION
OF R.V.

ANOTHER PROPERTY: VARIANCE
HOW SPREAD OUT THE VALUES
ARE.

$$\text{VAR}[X] = E[(X - E[X])^2]$$

TOSS COIN $P(0) = \frac{1}{2}$

$$P(1) = \frac{1}{2}$$

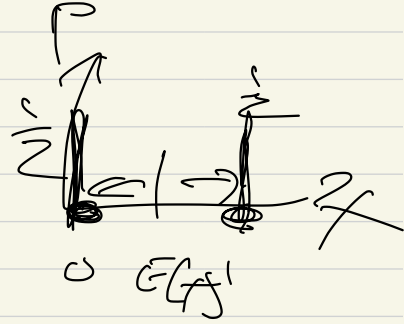
$$E[X] = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 0 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 1 = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\text{VAR}(X) = E\left[\left(X - E[X]\right)^2\right]$$

$$P = \frac{1}{2} \quad \left(0 - \frac{1}{2}\right)^2 = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$P = \frac{1}{2} \quad \left(1 - \frac{1}{2}\right)^2 = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\text{VAR}(X) = \frac{1}{4}$$



$$\text{STD}(X) = \sqrt{\text{VAR}(X)} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\text{VAR}(X) = E\left[\left(X - E[X]\right)^2\right]$$

$$= E\left[X^2 - 2 \cdot X \cdot E[X] + E[X]^2\right]$$

PROPERTIES OF $E[X]$:

PROPERTIES OF $E[X]$

(1)

$$E[cX] = cE[X]$$

$$\begin{aligned} E[cX] &= \sum c x p(x) \\ &= c \sum x p(x) \\ &= cE[X] \end{aligned}$$

$$E[X+Y] = E[X] + E[Y]$$

REGARDLESS OF ANY
CORRELATION OF X, Y ,
ALWAYS TRUE.

~~V#~~

$$\begin{aligned}\text{VAR}(X) &= E[(X - E[X])^2] \\ &= E[X^2 - 2XE[X] + E[X]^2] \\ &= E[X^2] - 2E[X]E[X] + E[X]^2 \\ &= E[X^2] - (E[X])^2\end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{\text{VAR}(X) = E[X^2] - (E[X])^2}$$

EX COIN TOSSES

$$P(0) = \frac{1}{2} \quad E[X] = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$P(1) = \frac{1}{2} \quad E[X^2] = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\text{VAR}(X) = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{4}$$

FAIR

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BINOMIAL

TOSSES COIN

4 TIMES

 $X = \# \text{ HEADS}$ ORDER DOES
NOT MATTER

$$P(K) = \binom{4}{K} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^K \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{4-K} = \frac{\binom{4}{K}}{16}$$

$$P(0) = \frac{1}{16}$$

$$P(2) = \frac{6}{16}$$

$$P(1) = \frac{4}{16}$$

$$P(3) = \frac{4}{16}$$

$$P(4) = \frac{1}{16}$$

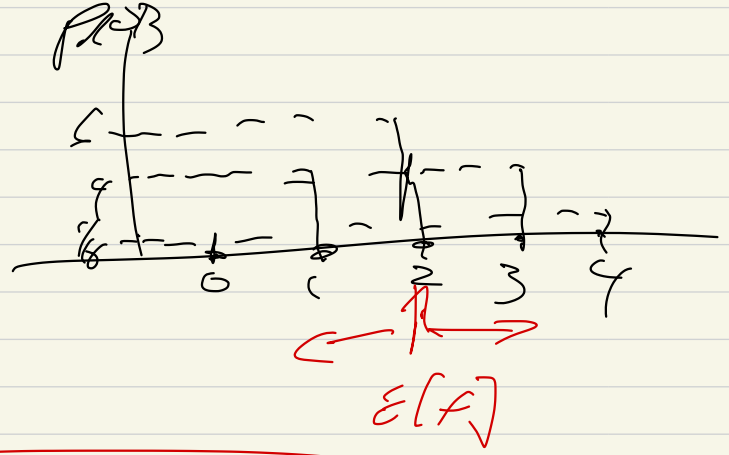
$$\begin{aligned} E[X] &= 0 \cdot \frac{1}{16} + 1 \cdot \frac{4}{16} + 2 \cdot \frac{6}{16} + 3 \cdot \frac{4}{16} + 4 \cdot \frac{1}{16} \\ &= \frac{32}{16} = 2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} E[X^2] &= 0 \cdot \frac{1}{16} + 1 \cdot \frac{4}{16} + 4 \cdot \frac{6}{16} + 9 \cdot \frac{4}{16} + 16 \cdot \frac{1}{16} \\ &= \frac{80}{16} = 5 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{VAR}[X] = E[X^2] - (E[X])^2 = 5 - 4 = 1$$

PLOT PROBABILITY MASS FUNCTION

P.M.F. :-



N COINS NOT JUST 4, (FAIR)

$$P(k) = \binom{N}{k} 2^{-N}$$

$$E(X) = \left[\sum_{k=0}^N k \binom{N}{k} \right] \left[2^{-N} \right]$$

$$\sum_{k=0}^N \frac{k N!}{(k-1)! (N-k)!} = N \sum_{k=1}^N \frac{(N-1)!}{(k-1)! (N-k)!}$$

$$\binom{N}{k} p^k q^{N-k} \quad p=q=\frac{1}{2}$$

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$$E[X] = \frac{N}{2}$$

$$\text{VAR}[X] = \sum_{k=0}^N k^2 \binom{N}{k} 2^{-N}$$

BAYES - RUNS CONDITIONAL PROBS
BACKWARDS

FUNCTIONS OF RV

$E[X]$ $\text{VAR}[X]$

READING: CHAP 3

EXAM: FEB 28