

~~2D~~  $(x, y)$

$\odot$   $m/10/2/17$

$$\rightarrow z = x + iy$$

$$i^2 = -1$$

$$(3, 4) \rightarrow 3 + 4i$$

TRANSLATE BY  $(5, 6)$

$$\rightarrow + 5 + 6i$$

$$(3 + 4i) + (5 + 6i) = 8 + 10i$$

ROT BY  $\odot \rightarrow \times e^{i\theta}$

$$\theta = \frac{\pi}{2} \text{ (90°)} \quad e^{i\pi/2} = i$$

$$(3, 4) \quad (3 + 4i)i = -4 + 3i$$
$$(-4, 3)$$

~~QUATS~~

2

3 INDETERMINATES

$i, j, k$

$$i^2 = -1 \quad (= j^2 = k^2)$$

$$ij = k \quad jk = -i$$

$$ki = j \quad ik = -j$$

$$ki = j \quad ik = -j$$

$$Q_1 = (1+2i) \quad Q_2 = (3j+4k)$$

$$Q_1 Q_2 = 3j+4k + \underbrace{6ij}_{k} + \underbrace{8ik}_{-j}$$

$$= 3j+4k+6k-8j$$

$$= -5j+10k$$

$$Q_2 Q_1 = \cancel{3j+4k} (1+2i)$$

$$= 3j + \underbrace{6ij}_{-k} + 4k + \underbrace{8kj}_{j}$$

$$= 3j - 6k + 4k + 8j$$

$$= 11j - 2k$$

3

$$P = \underline{a} + \underline{b}i + \underline{c}j + \underline{d}k$$

$$P_1 = (2i + 3k) \quad P_2 = (3i - j)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 P_1 P_2 &= \underbrace{6i^2}_{-1} - \underbrace{2ij}_{k} + \underbrace{9ki}_{j} - \underbrace{3kj}_{-1} \\
 &= -6 - 2k + 9j + 3i \\
 &= \underline{-6 + 3i + 9j - 2k}
 \end{aligned}$$

3D PT  $(x, y, z)$  .  $P = (x + yj + zk)$

$(1, 2, 3)$        $P = i + 2j + 3k$

TRANSLATION BY  $(5, 6, 7) \rightarrow ADD \ 5i + 6j + 7k$

$(1, 2, 3)$  TRANS BY  $(5, 6, 7)$

$$(1 + 2j + 3k) + (5i + 6j + 7k)$$

$$= (6i + 8j + 10k) \quad (\checkmark \checkmark \checkmark)$$

3) ROT OF  $\mathbb{R}^3$  ABOUT AXIS  $\vec{a}$  4  
normalized

$$\varphi = \cos \frac{\theta}{2} + \sin \frac{\theta}{2} (a_x i + a_y j + a_z k)$$

$$P' = \varphi P \varphi^*$$

ROT OF  $180^\circ$  ABOUT Z-AXIS  
 (0, 0, 1)

$$\varphi = 0 + 1 (0i + 0j + k)$$

$$\varphi = k$$

$$P' = \varphi P \varphi^* = k P (-k) = -k P k$$

$$P = (1, 2, 3) = 1 + 2j + 3k$$

$$P' = -k(1 + 2j + 3k)k$$

$$= -(k^2 + 2kj + 3k^2)k$$

$$= -(k^2 k + 2kj k + 3k^3)$$

$$= -(jk + 2(-1)k - 3k)$$

$$= -(1 + 2j - 3k) = -1 - 2j + 3k$$

$$(-1, -2, 3)$$

5  
USE QUATS TO COMBINE 2 ROT

1.  $180^\circ$  ABOUT Z AXIS  $Q_1 = k$

2.  $180^\circ$  ABOUT Y AXIS  $Q_2 = i$

$$P' = Q_2 Q_1 P Q_1^* Q_2^*$$

COMBO ROT  $Q = Q_2 Q_1$

$$P' = Q P Q^*$$

$$Q = Q_2 Q_1 = i k = -j$$

$$P' = (-j) P (-j)^* = -j P j$$

$Q = j \rightarrow 180^\circ$  ABOUT Y AXIS.

# ANIMATION

6

$$a = \left( \frac{3}{13}, \frac{4}{13}, \frac{12}{13} \right)$$

~~$\theta = 180^\circ$~~

$$p = \frac{3}{13}i + \frac{4}{13}j \rightarrow \frac{12}{13}k$$

ANIMATE IN 180 STEPS

$$Q_2 = 1^\circ \quad Q_2 = \cos \frac{10}{2} + \sin \frac{10}{2} \left( \frac{3}{13}i + \frac{4}{13}j + \frac{12}{13}k \right)$$