

CS 9/28/16 P1

~~GOAL~~ SPEC ROTATION

WITH } AXIS
ANGLE

WANT TO COMBINE
ROTATIONS + FIND
THE COMB'S AXIS + ANGLE

~~HOW?~~

EXTENDS
COMPLEX NUMBERS

$$Z = X + iY \quad i^2 = -1$$

$$\text{POINT } (3, 4) \rightarrow Z = 3 + 4i$$

TO ROTATE BY θ
MULTIPLY BY $e^{i\theta}$

WHAT THAT MEANS IS DONE
HERE IN AN EARLIER
MATH COURSE.

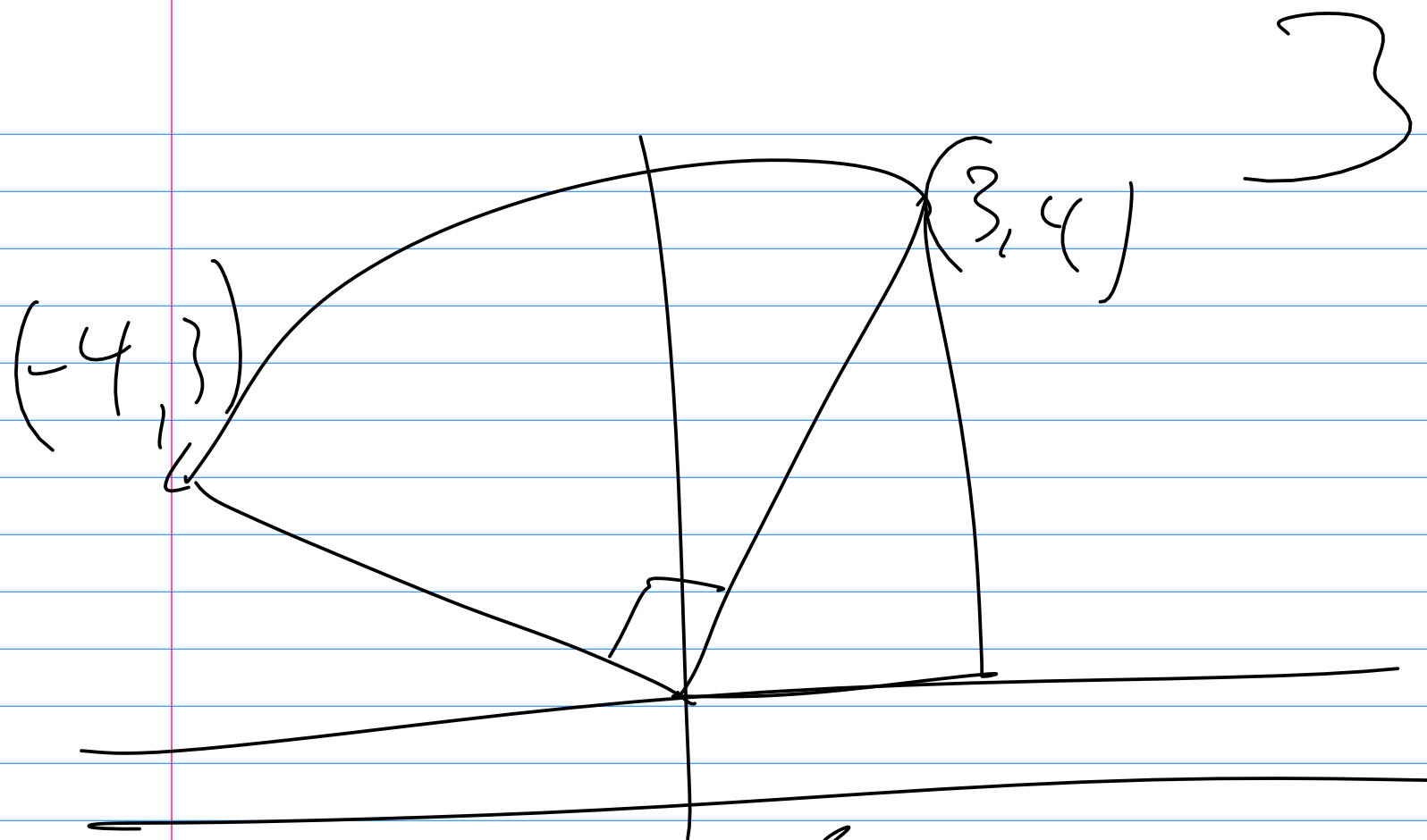
ANGLE IN RADIANS

e.g. $90^\circ \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}$ RADIANS

ROTATE BY 90°
MULTIPLY BY $e^{i\frac{\pi}{2}} = i$

ROTATE $(3, 4)$ $3 + 4i$

BY 90°
 $z' = (3 + 4i)i = 3i + 4i^2$
 $= -4 + 3i$
 $(-4, 3)$



QUATERNIONS

HAVE i, j, k

~~RULES~~ $i^2 = j^2 = k^2 = -1$

$ij = k \quad \text{etc} \quad ja = -k$

$q = A + Bi + Cj + Dk$

$(1+2j)(3k) = 3ik + 2jk$
 $= -3j + 2i$

3D POINT (x, y, z)

→ QUAT $P = X_i + Y_j + Z_k$

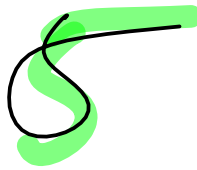
ROTATION BY θ ABOUT
AXIS (A_x, A_y, A_z)

$$Q = \cos \frac{\theta}{2} + \sin \frac{\theta}{2} (A_x i + A_y j + A_z k)$$

$$P' = Q P Q^*$$

FOR THE ROTATION WE WANT
TO DO, COMPUTE A Q .

THEN USE Q TO DO ROTATION.



I WANT TO COMBINE 2
ROTATIONS

1st 180° ABOUT X AXIS

2nd 180° ABOUT Y AXIS

WHAT IS RESULT?

$$Q_1 = \cos \frac{\theta}{2} + \sin \frac{\theta}{2} (A_x i + A_y j + A_z k)$$

$$\theta = 180^\circ \quad \frac{\theta}{2} = 90^\circ \quad \cos \frac{\theta}{2} = 0 \quad \sin \frac{\theta}{2} = 1$$

X AXIS: $(1, 0, 0)$

$$Q_1 = 0 + 1 (1i + 0j + 0k) = i$$

TO ROTATE

$$P' = -1 P(-1)$$

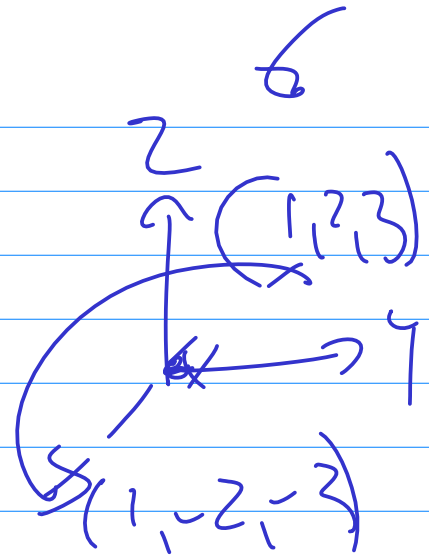
$$P = (1, 2, 3)$$

$$P = 1 + 2j + 3k$$

$$P' = -1 (1 + 2j + 3k) = -(-1 + 2k - 3j) i$$

$$= (-i + 2j + 3k)$$

$$= (1, -2, -3)$$



180° ABOUT X AXIS $Q_1 = i$

2: 180° ABOUT Y AXIS

$$Q_2 = j$$

ROTATE $(1, 2, 3)$ BY \uparrow

$$j(1 + 2j + 3k)(-j)$$

$$= (-k - 2 + 3i)(-j)$$

$$= (-1 + 2j - 3k)$$

$$(1, -2, -3)$$

$$Q_1 = i$$

$$Q_2 = j$$

(THEN $Q = Q_2 Q_1$

$$= j i$$

$$= -k$$

$$-k = \cos \theta + \sin \theta \left(0 + 0 - k \right)$$

$$\theta = 180^\circ$$

ABOUT $-z$ AXIS

